

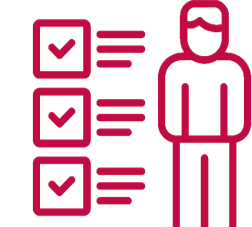
# Prison recidivism rate 2020

Criminal Enforcement Research and Training Area (2023)

## Aims

Obtain the recidivism rates:

- Prison
- Enforcement
- Court

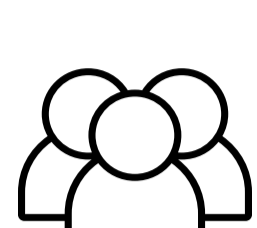


Identify the characteristics of the re-offenders



Assess risk management

## Methodology



Sample: 3.814 subjects excarcerated in 2015

September'20



Quantitative analysis

Qualitative analysis

- Prison database: SIPC
- Criminal enforcement database: SIJJ
- Court database: TEMIS

387 variables

1. Experts:

- Universities (UB, UPF, URV)
- Attorneys of Administration of Justice
- Penitentiary system professionals

2. Legal report

December'22

## What do we understand by prison recidivism?

Basic penalty compliance

Is there re-entry?

2015  
Excarceration

Yes

Subsequent offence to 2015

Prior offence to 2015

2019

Recidivism

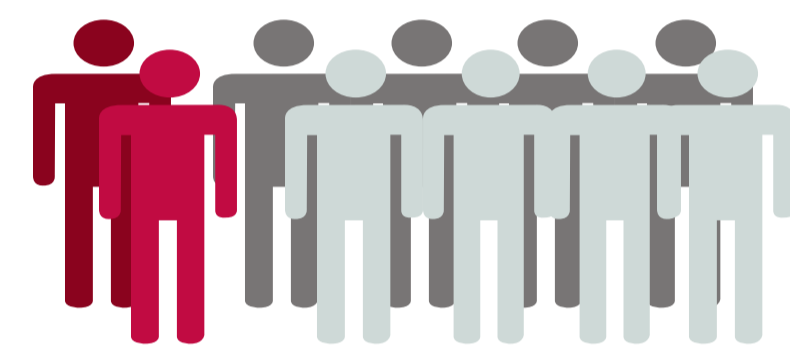
Prior cause compliance

## Results

### Prison recidivism rate 2020

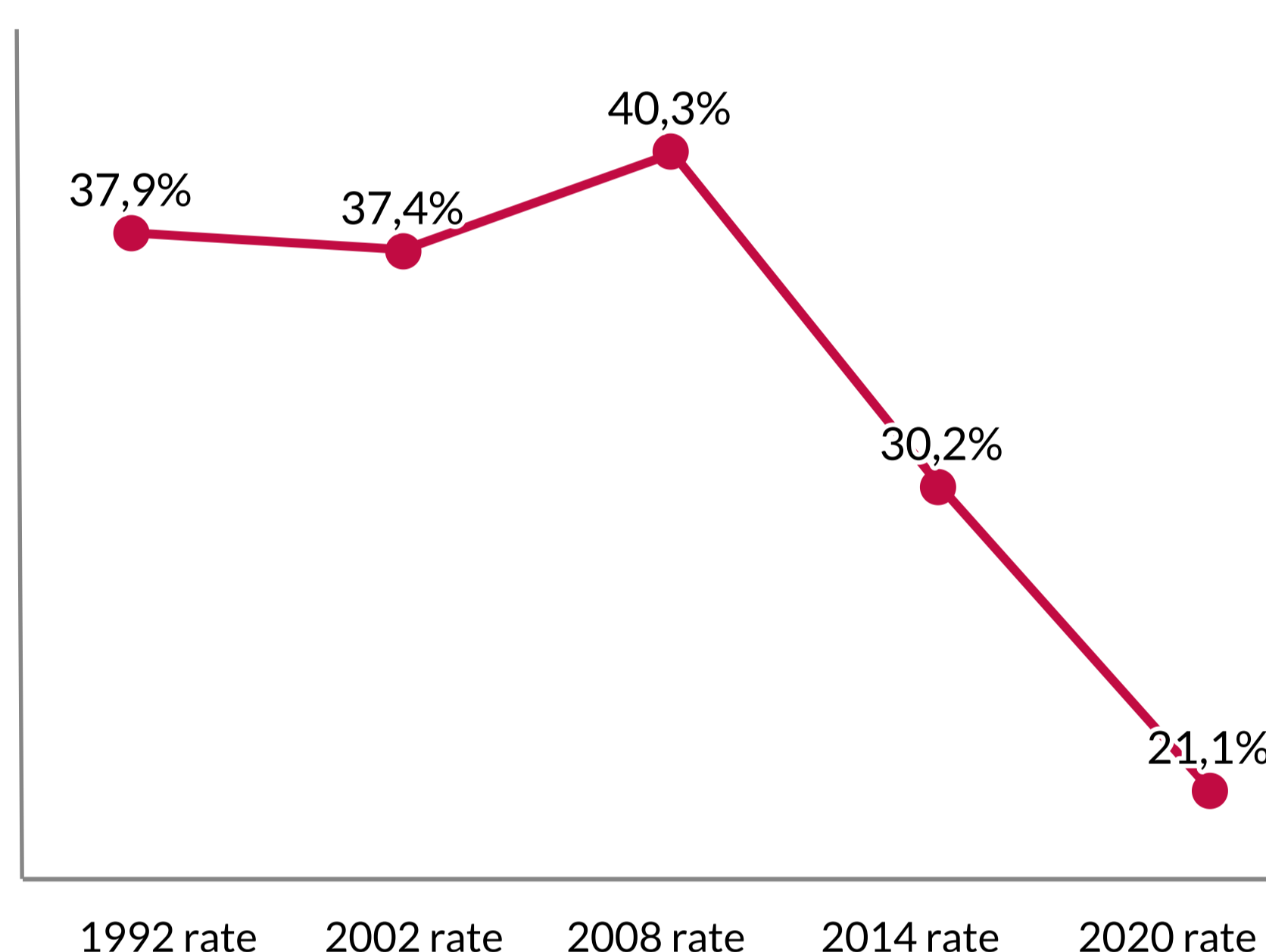
Prison recidivism rate 2020  
(excarcerated in 2015)

21.1%

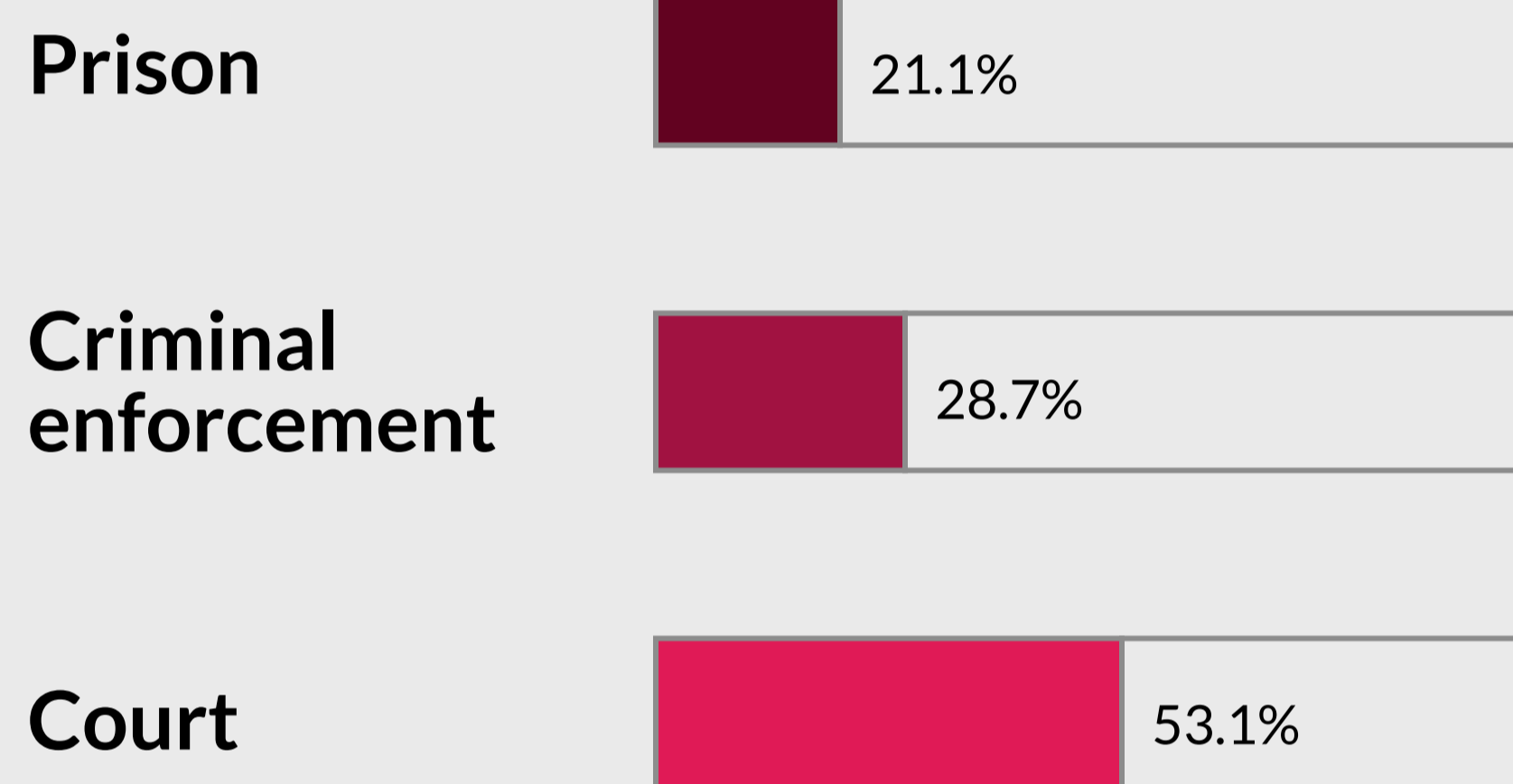


8 out of 10 subjects who were released from prison in 2015 have not re-entered prison during the five-year follow-up period

### Evolution of prison recidivism rate



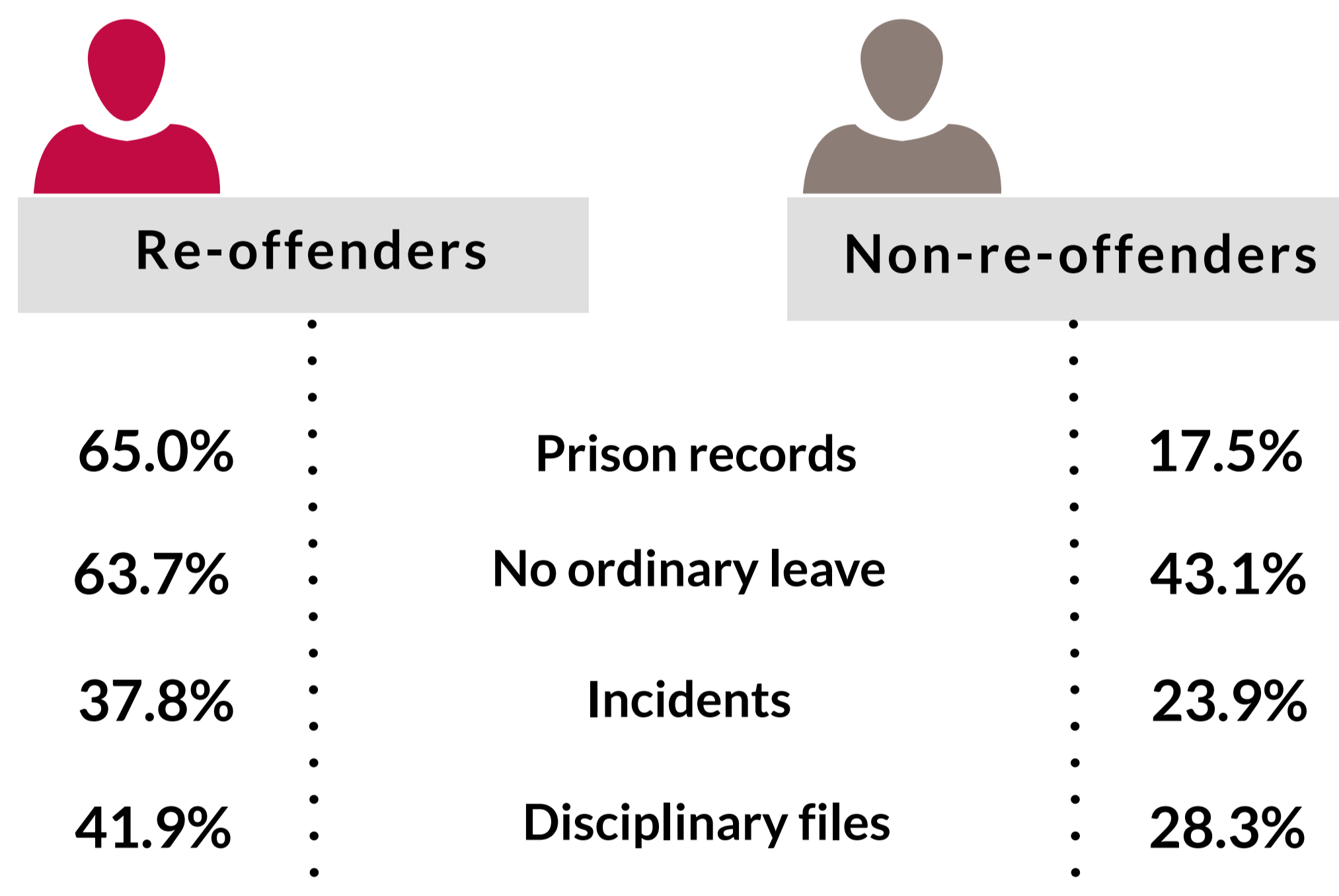
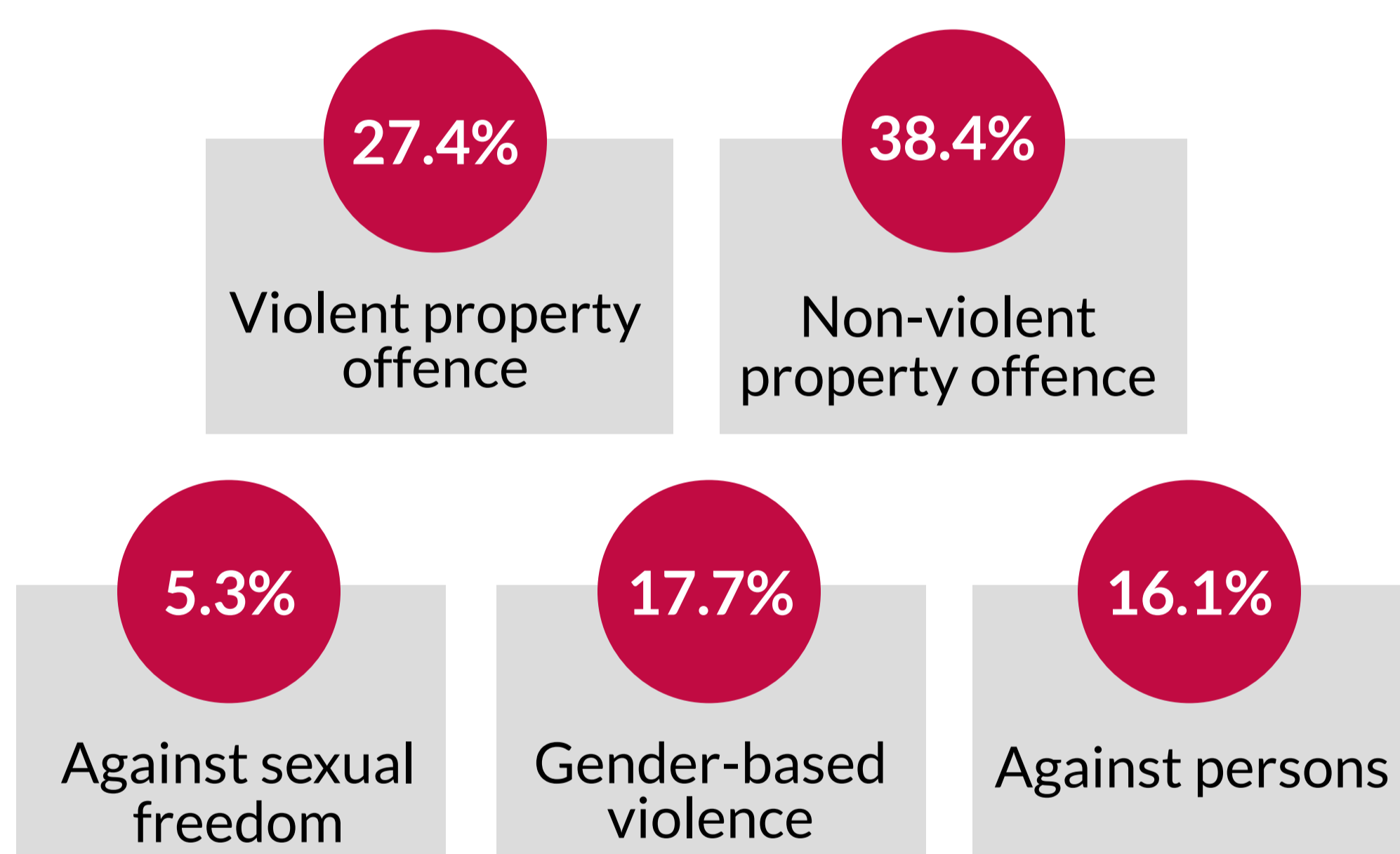
### Recidivism rates 2020



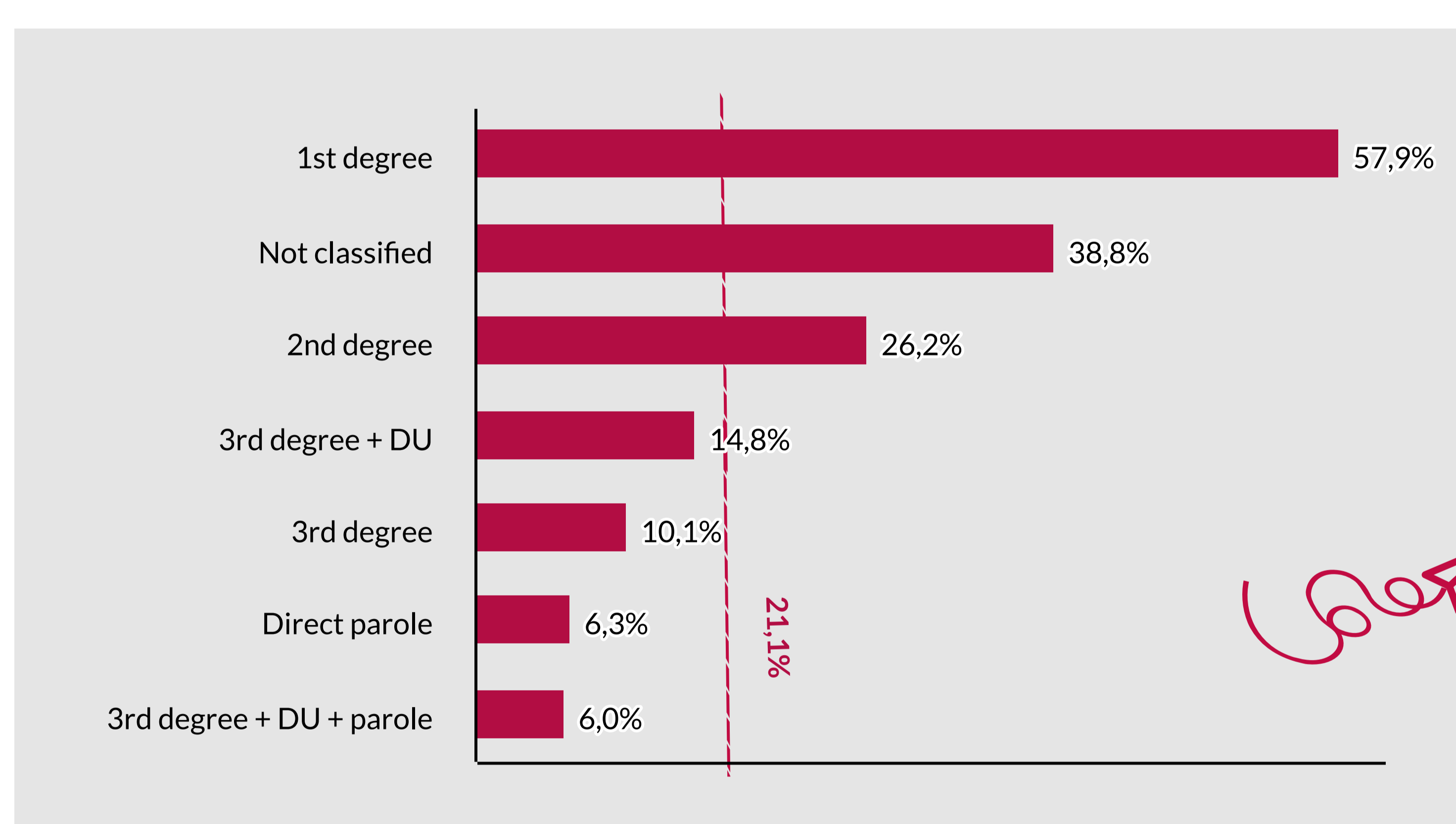
## Characteristics of the re-offenders

Recidivism rates according to the offence committed in the basic penalty

Significant differences in the profile of the subjects released from prison in 2015



## Recidivism rates according to type of release from prison

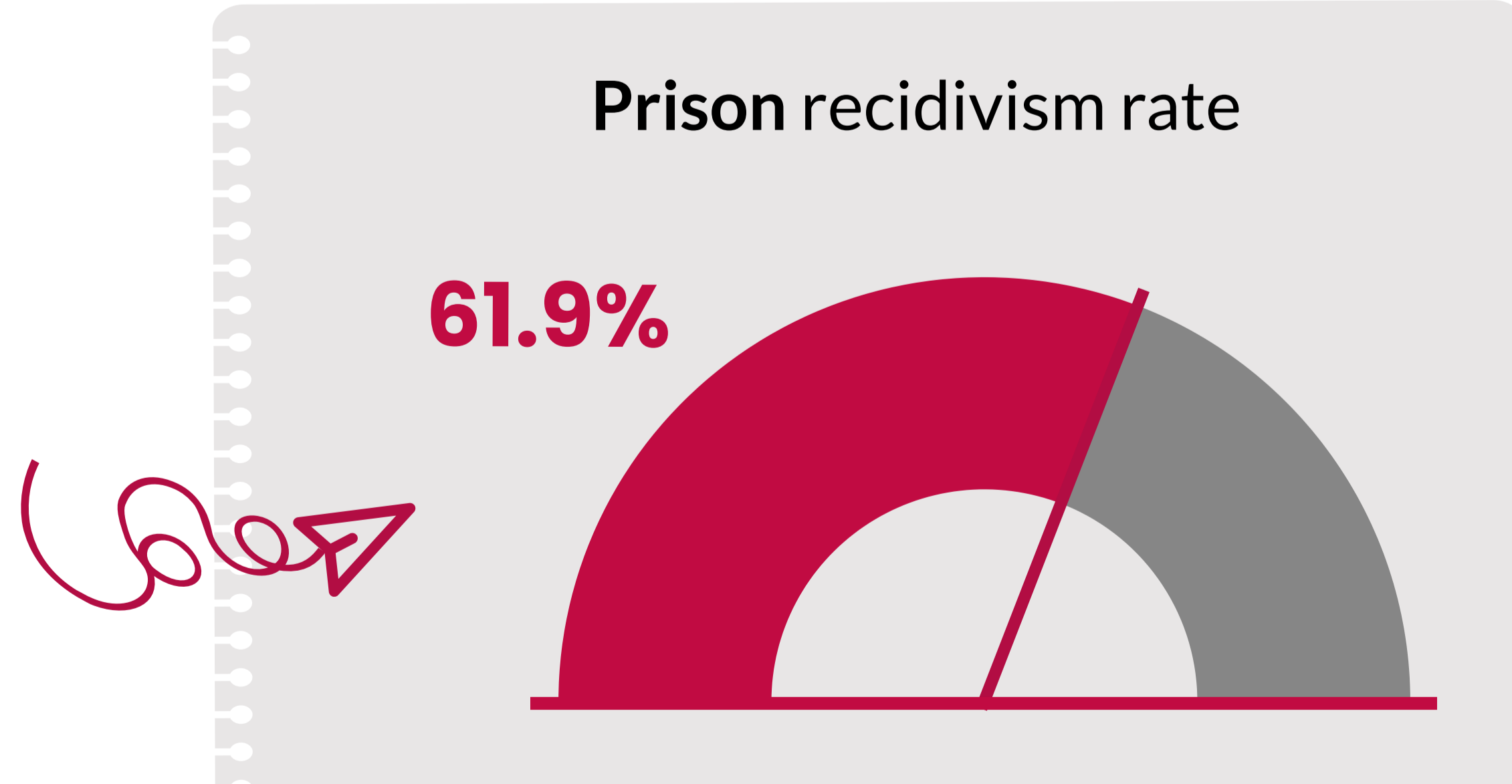


Staggered releases from prison and from non-confinement measures are the best guarantee of success in reducing recidivism

## Main risk factor of recidivism: convicted persons re-entering for previous convictions

6 out of 10 persons released from prison that have pending previous convictions re-offend

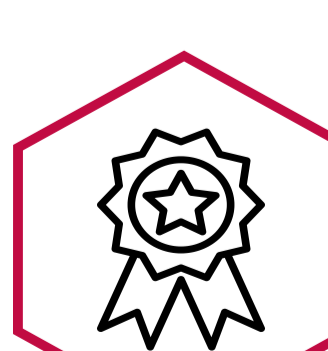
they commit an average of 4.9 new offences



## Proposals for improvement



Promote the use of non-confinement measures



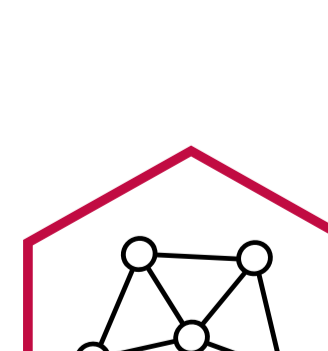
Specialized training in the assessment of RisCanvi



Initial training for new recruits



Ensure the automatic and annual extraction of recidivism data for its most common exploitation



Ensure interoperability between the computer systems of prisons and the Administration of Justice to control pending sentences of the inmates

8% of the total re-offenders are responsible for 80% of recidivism